



Models: CBF30T-4-NG

CBF30T-4-LP



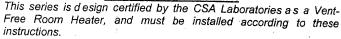
Effective Date: July 2004

### INSTALLATION AND OWNER'S GUIDE

#### INSTALLER MUST LEAVE INSTRUCTIONS WITH THE OWNER AFTER INSTALLATION

! IMPORTANT: OWNER PLEASE FILL OUT AND MAIL WARRANTY CARD SUPPLIED WITH HEATER.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION



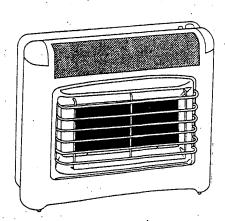
ANY ALTERATION TO THE ORIGINAL DESIGN, INSTALLED OTHER THAN AS SHOWN IN THESE INSTRUCTIONS, OR USED WITH A TYPE OF GAS NOT SHOWN ON THE RATING PLATE IS PROHIBITED AND VOIDS THE WARRANTY,

This appliance is intended for supplemental heating.

The installation must conform to local codes. In the absence of local codes, the installation must conform to the National Fuel Gas Code, also known as NFPA 54 and ANSI Z223.1-latest edition.

This is a heating appliance. Any safety screen or guard removed for servicing the appliance must be replaced prior to operating the appliance.

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer (i.e., a licensed heating contractor or gas company personnel).



- Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.
- Children and adults should be alerted to the hazard of high surface temperature and should be kept away to avoid burns or clothing ignition.
- Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room with the appliance.
- Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the appliance.
- Installation and repair should be done by a qualified service person.
- The appliance should be inspected before use and at least annually by a qualified service person. More frequent cleaning may be required due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, etc. It is imperative that control compartments, burners, and circulating air passageways of the appliance be kept clean.

<u>AWARNING</u>: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

#### **FOR YOUR SAFETY**

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- ! Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any telephone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's telephone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- ! If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

INSTALLATION AND SERVICE must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

## AWARNING:

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Any change to this heater or its control can be dangerous.

For proper ventilation, provide a minimum fresh air opening of one square inch for every 1,000 BTU's of gas burner capacity.

# **AWARNINGS**

Read this Installation and Owners Guide carefully and completely before attempting to install, operate or service this heater. Improper use of this heater can result in serious bodily injury or death due to hazards of fire, explosion, electrical shock or carbon monoxide poisoning. When used without fresh air, this heater may give off CARBON MONOXIDE, an odorless, poisonous gas. CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING MAY LEAD TO DEATH! Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flue with headache, dizziness and/or nausea. If you have these signs, the heater may not be working properly. Get fresh air at once, and have the heater serviced. Some people such as pregnant women, persons with heart or lung disease, anemia, those under the influence of alcohol, and those at higher altitudes are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. Retain this manual for future reference. It is your guide to many years of a safe and proper operation of the heater.

- Children and adults should be alerted to the hazard of high surface temperatures and should stay away to avoid burns or clothing ignition.
- 2. Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the room with the heater.
- Do not install this heater at altitudes above 5000 ft. because shutdown of the heater by the ODS system may occur due to reduced oxygen levels at these altitudes.
- 4. This appliance is <u>only</u> for use with the type of gas indicated on the nameplate. THIS APPLIANCE IS NOT CONVERTIBLE FOR USE WITH OTHER GASES. Please check the gas type shown on the heater nameplate prior to hooking the heater to the gas supply.
- DO NOT install this heater in bedrooms or bathrooms. The maximum input for use bathrooms in 6,000 Btu/hr and 10,000 Btu/hr in bedrooms where not prohibited by local codes.
- LPG containers (Propane cylinders) must not be used or stored indoors.
- DO NOT install this heater directly onto an LPG container or propane cylinder without directions from your propane company because high gas pressure can damage this heater.
- 8. **DO NOT** locate this heater in high traffic areas or in windy or drafty locations.
- Keep the area near the heater free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.
- 10. This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket\* manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by state or local codes. \*<u>Aftermarket</u>: Completion of sale, not for purpose of resale, from the manufacturer.
- 11. DO NOT use this heater if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service person to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control that has been under water.
- 12. This heater has a pilot light safety system that turns off the heater if enough fresh air is not available. The pilot light safety section on this unit does not sense the presence of carbon monoxide. It senses the depletion of the oxygen supply used in the combustion process. Combustion of gas with a depleted oxygen supply is one source of carbon monoxide.
- 13. If this heater is installed in a room having a high vertical dimension, a fan to circulate the air is recommended to improve the comfort level in the room. When a fan is used to circulate air, it should be located so that the airflow is not directed at the burner.

- 14. If installed in a garage, this heater must be wall mounted only. The bottom of the heater must be a minimum of 18" above the finished floor.
- 15. A vent-free gas heater will increase the amount of humidity in the room in which it is installed.

This is an unvented gas fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to the next page for a worksheet to determine whether the proposed installation site is defined as confined or unconfined.

- 16. A fresh air opening for combustion and ventilation air must be provided in the room where the heater is installed. The opening must have at least one square inch of free air opening per 1,000 Btu/hr of gas consumption for the total input rating of all gas equipment in the space.
- 17. This heater shall not be installed in a confined space or unusually tight constructions, unless provisions are provided for adequate combustion and ventilation air.
- 18. Unusually tight construction is defined as construction where:
  - a.) Walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of 1 perm (6 x 10<sup>-11</sup> kg per pa-sec-m²) or less with openings gasketed or sealed;
  - b.) Weather stripping has been added on openable windows and doors; and
  - c.) Caulking or sealants are applied to areas such as joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wall-ceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical, and gas lines, and at other openings.
- 19. The National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Section 5.3 or applicable local codes defines a confined space as a space whose volume is less than 50 ft³ per 1,000 Btu/hr (4.8 m³/kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space and an unconfined space as a space whose volume is not less than 50 ft³ per 1,000 Btu/hr (4.8 m³/kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space. Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed, through openings not furnished with doors, are considered a part of the confined space.
- 20. WARNING: If the area in which the heater may be operated is smaller than that defined as an unconfined space, provide adequate combustion and ventilation air by one of the methods described in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Section 5.3 or applicable local codes latest edition.

# COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION AIR REQUIREMENT WORKSHEET

The purpose of this worksheet is to help you determine if you are planning to install this heater in an "unconfined" or a "confined" space. An "unconfined" space is one that is large enough to meet all the combustion and ventilation air requirements of all the fuel burning appliances to be in operation in this space. No additional air requirements are needed. A "confined" space is one that is not large enough to meet the combustion and ventilation air requirements for all the fuel burning appliances in that space. As a result, additional air is required in this space to meet the appliance needs. Check with your installer on ways to accomplish this, or use a smaller Btu/hr input heater.

STEP 1:	Determine the volume of the adjoining rooms with doorless p $3072 \text{ ft}^3$ .	space in which the heater is passageways. Example: 24' (long	to be installed. Include ) x 16' (wide) x 8' (high) =
	LENGTH x WIDTH x HEIGHT =	Ft³	
STEP 2:	Multiply the volume of the spa maximum BTU/Hr that the s ventilation air provided.	ace (calculated in Step 1) by 20 space can support without ac	BTU/Hr to determine the Iditional combustion and
:	Result from Step 1	x 20 Btu/hr =	Btu/hr
STEP 3:	include Direct-Vent age applia	fuel burning appliances in this nces because these have sealed tdoors. Examples of appliances ogs, kerosene heaters, etc.	COMBONACION SASCEMS MAC
	Proposed Vent-Free Heater		Btu/hr
÷	Fuel Burning Appliance #1		Btu/hr
	Fuel Burning Appliance #2		Btu/hr
	TOTAL		Btu/hr

STEP 4: Compare the results from Step 2 and Step 3.

If the result from Step 2 is <u>greater</u> then the result from Step 3, the area where the heater is to be installed can be classified as an "unconfined space." This means that the space is capable of handling the combustion and ventilation air requirements of the existing fuel burning appliance(s) and the proposed heater.

If the result from Step 2 is <u>less</u> than the result from Step 3, the area where the heater is to be installed is classified as a "confined space." This means that either additional combustion and ventilation air must be provided into this space (use the methods described in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1-latest edition or the size of the proposed heater must be reduced so that the above calculations show the space to be an "unconfined space."

If you have any problems completing this worksheet, please contact our technical service department at (704) 372-3486 for help.

# SAFETY INFORMATION FOR USERS OF LP-GAS

Propane (LP-Gas) is a flammable gas which can cause fires and explosions. In its natural state, propane is odorless and colorless. You may not know all the following safety precautions which can protect both you and your family from an accident. Read them carefully now, then review them point by point with the members of your household. Someday when there may not be a minute to lose, everyone's safety will depend on knowing exactly what to do. If, after reading the following information, you feel you still need more information, please contact your gas supplier.

#### LP-GAS WARNING ODOR

If a gas leak happens, you should be able to smell the gas because of the odorant put in the LP-Gas.

That's your signal to go into immediate action!

- Do not operate electric switches, light matches, or use your phone. Do not do anything that could ignite the gas.
- Get everyone out of the building, vehicle, trailer, or area. Do that IMMEDIATELY.
- Close all gas tank or cylinder supply valves.
- LP Gas is heavier than air and may settle in low areas such as basements. When you have reason to. suspect a gas leak, keep out of basements and other low areas. Stay out until firefighters declare them to be safe.
- Use your neighbor's phone and call a trained LP-Gas service person and the fire department. Even though you may not continue to smell gas, do not turn on the gas again. Do not re-enter the building, vehicle, trailer, or area.
- Finally, let the service man and firefighters check for escaped gas. Have them air out the area before you return. Properly trained LP-Gas service people should repair the leak, then check and relight the gas appliance for you.

#### NO ODOR DETECTED - ODOR FADE

Some people cannot smell well. Some people cannot smell the odor of the chemical products added to the gas. You must find out if you can smell the odorant in propane. Smoking can decrease your ability to smell. Being around an odor for a time can affect your sensitivity or ability to detect that odor. Sometimes other odors in the area mask the gas odor. People may not smell the gas odor or their minds are on something else. Thinking about smelling a gas odor can make it easier to smell.

The odorant in LP-Gas is colorless, and it can fade under some circumstances. For example, if there is an underground leak, the movement of the gas through soil can filter the odorant. Odorants in LP-Gas also are subject to oxidation. This fading can occur if there is rust inside the storage tank or in iron gas pipes.

The odorant in escaped gas can adsorb or absorb onto or into walls, masonry and other materials and fabrics in a room. That will take some of the odorant out of the gas, reducing its odor intensity.

LP-Gas may stratify in a closed area, and the odor intensity could vary at different levels. Since it is heavier than air, there may be more odor at lower levels. Always be sensitive to the slightest gas odor. If you detect any odor, treat it as a serious leak. Immediately go into action as instructed above.

#### SOME POINTS TO REMEMBER

- Learn to recognize the odor of LP-Gas. Your local LP-Gas Dealer can give you a "Scratch and Sniff" pamphlet. Use it to find out what the propane odor smells like. If you suspect that your LP-Gas has a weak or abnormal odor, call your LP-Gas Dealer.
- If you are not qualified, do not light pilot lights, perform service, or make adjustments to appliances on the LP-Gas system. If you are qualified, consciously think about the odor of LP-Gas prior to and while lighting pilot lights or performing service or making adjustments.
- Sometimes a basement or a closed-up house has a musty smell that can cover up the LP-Gas odor. Do not try to light pilot lights, perform service, or make adjustments in an area where the conditions are such that you may not detect the odor if there has been a leak of LP-Gas.
- Odor fade, due to oxidation by rust or adsorption on walls of new cylinders and tanks, is possible. Therefore, people should be particularity alert and careful when new tanks or cylinders are placed in service. Odor fade can occur in new tanks, or reinstalled old tanks, if they are filled and allowed to set too long before refilling. Cylinders and tanks

- which have been out of service for a time may develop internal rust which will cause odor fade. If such conditions are suspected to exist, a periodic sniff test of the gas is advisable. If you have any question about the gas odor, call your LP-Gas dealer. A periodic sniff test of the LP-Gas is a good safety measure under any condition.
- If, at any time, you do not smell the LP-Gas odorant and you think you should, assume you have a leak. Then take the same immediate action recommended above for the occasion when you do detect the odorized LP-Gas.
- If you experience a complete "gas out" (the container is under no vapor pressure), turn the tank valve off immediately. If the container valve is left on, the container may draw in some air through openings such as pilot light orifices. If this occurs, some new internal rusting could occur. If the valve is left open, then treat the container as a new tank. Always be sure your container is under vapor pressure by turning it off at the container before it goes completely empty or having it refilled before it is completely empty.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

ń	. CBF30T-4-NG	CBF30T-4-LP
BTU/HR Input: Type Gas: Ignition Type: Temperature Control:	30,000 Natural Gas Piezo ignitor Thermostatic	30,000 LP Gas Piezo ignitor Thermostatic
<u>WEIGHT</u> Heater: Shipping:	28 lb. 33 lb.	28 lb. 33 lb.
INLET GAS PRESSURE Maximum: Minimum: Regulator Setting:	14.0" W.C. 7.0" W.C. 6.0" W.C.	14.0" W.C. 11.0" W.C. 10.0" W.C.
DIMENSIONS (W" x D" x H") Heater: Carton:	26-3/4 x 9-1/4 x 23-3/4 29-1/8 x 10-2/3 x 26	26-3/4 x 9-1/4 x 23-3/4 29-1/8 x 10-2/3 x 26

#### **CLEARANCES**

You must provide adequate clearance around to the heater. You also must provide for an adequate combustion and ventilation air supply to the space to be heated. The heater must be easily a ccessible for servicing. The opening for combustion air located at the bottom of the heater must not be obstructed.

The heater must be installed no less than 2" above the top surface of carpeting, tile, or other floor covering. When facing the front of the heater, the clearance from any combustible materials must be a minimum of 13" from the left, 13" from the right, and 36" from the top, and 2" from the bottom and 36" from the front. The opening for combustion air located at the bottom of the heater must not be obstructed. The front must be free of obstacles.

Never install the heater in front of any flammable object, especially do not place curtains, furniture, clothing or other flammable objects less than 36" from the front of the Heater.

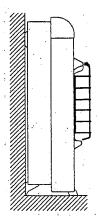
#### FLOOR MOUNT INSTALLATION (W

(When using the optional legs)

This heater is designed to installed on the floor with the leg set that is included with each heater.

Locate the leg set and attach the legs to the heater. Screw in elbows A and B with sealing tape as shown in Figure 1 below.

If this heater is to be installed directly on carpeting, light-colored tile or other combustible material other than wood flooring, the heater shall be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the heater. All other clearances to combustible materials stated above must be maintained. Floor protection panels (pin 44058010) are available as an accessory. This protective panel referred to above is not required as a fireproof base. The protection is for rugs that are extremely thick and light-colored tile that may discolor. Make sure the heater is level.



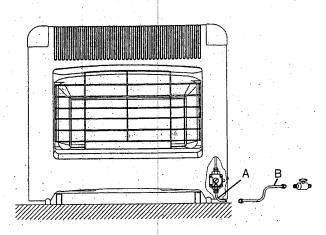
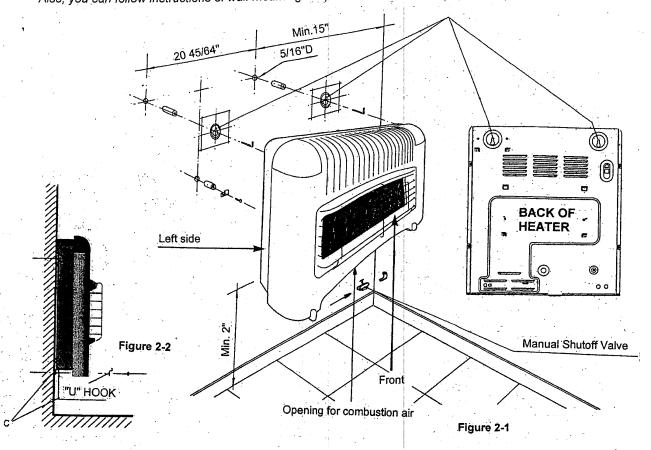


Figure 1
HEATER RESTS DIRECTLY ON THE FLOOR

#### WALL MOUNT INSTALLATION

**! IMPORTANT:** Before installing this heater, make sure that a wall stud is located in the center of the unit. This wall stud will give better support to the unit. See the following instructions to place the "C" angle to the wall stud:

- Select the elbow position as indicated in Figure 2-1.
- 2. Drive two (2) 5/16" holes according to the dimensions shown on the upper corner of Figure 2-1.
- 3. Drill another 5/16" hole on the wall stud for the "U" hook as shown in Figure 2-2.
- 4. Screw in the three (3) plastic expansion anchors furnished with the unit, as shown in Figure 2-1.
- 5. Screw in the furnished screws through the anchors as shown in Figure 2-1.
- 6. Connect the gas line.
- \* Also, you can follow instructions of wall mounting template enclosed with the appliance



#### INSTALLING HEATER TO A WALL

#### **INSTALLATION TO GAS SUPPLY**

- The gas supply must conform with local codes, or in their absence, the installation must be in accordance with the American National Standard (National Fuel Gas Code) NFPA 54, also known as ANSI Z223.1-latest edition, available from the ANSI incorporated, 1434 Broadway, New York, New York 10018, or the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, Massachusetts 02269.
- 2. <u>AWARNING</u>: When using LP gas, this heater requires an external regulator (not supplied) located between the heater and LP Supply Tank. This regulator must be supplied by the installer to reduce incoming LP Gas pressure to a maximum of 14 inches of water column. Under no circumstances should this heater ever be hooked directly to an LP supply tank. <u>IMPORTANT</u>: The Pressure Regulator must be held with a wrench when connecting gas piping and/or fittings to the Pressure Regulator.
- 3. Use only new, black iron or rust resistant steel pipe. Copper tubing may be acceptable in certain areas. CHECK LOCAL CODES TO DETERMINE ACCEPTABLE TYPES OF GAS PIPING.
- 4. The gas supply line shall be sized and installed to provide a sufficient supply of gas to meet the minimum demand of the heater without undue loss of pressure.

- 5. The sealant used on the threaded pipe joints of the gas pipe must be the specific type resistant to the action of Liquid Petroleum Gas. Apply sealant lightly to male threads to ensure excess sealant does not enter lines. Any excess sealant could be forced into the pipe and result in clogged gas valves.
- 6. The supply system must include a manual shut-off valve, a union in the line, and a plugged 1/8" NPT tap. The tap should be accessible for test gauge connections upstream of the gas supply connection to heater.
- 7. Include a drip leg (trap) in the supply line. The purpose of the drip leg is to prevent moisture and contaminants in the gas supply from entering the heater controls. The drip leg should be readily accessible to permit cleaning or emptying. A drip leg should not be located where the condensate is likely to freeze. Failure to use a drip leg can result in operational difficulties in the heater.

#### GAS SUPPLY CHECK

A union must be provided directly at the gas inlet to the heater. A manual gas valve (e.g. a ball valve) must be provided upstream of the union. This will allow you to shut off the gas supply to the heater if it is necessary to remove it for service purposes.

The appliance and its appliance main shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psig. (3.45kPa).

The appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its equipment shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than ½ psig. (3.45kPa).

The connectors must be checked and cleaned before assembling and then wrenched up tight for a gas tight connection. Apply a soap and water solution to all joints and watch for bubbles to check for gas leaks.

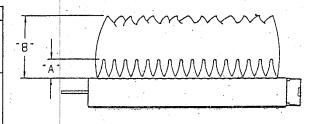
#### NEVER USE ANY OPEN FLAME TO CHECK FOR GAS LEAKS!

#### BURNER Periodic Visual Check

There will be a short blue inner flame with a much larger, lighter blue secondary flame. The burner flame may have a small yellow tip when hot. See the main burner drawing showing the approximate heights of each flame. Dust in the combustion air will produce an orange or red flame. Do not mistake the orange or red flame for an improper yellow flame.

If the burner is dirty see the section in this manual titled Heater Maintenance—Periodic Visual Check.

Gas Type	Dimension A	Dimension B		
Propane	1/2" — 1" (13m — 25mm)	3" — 4" (76m — 102mm)		
Natural	1" – 1-1/2" (25m – 38mm)	4" — 5" 402m — 3127mm)		



#### Figure 3

WARNING: Failure to keep the primary air opening(s) of the burner(s) clean may result in shooting and property damage.

**WARNING:** Do not allow Fans to blow directly into the heater. Avoid any drafts that alter burner FLAME PATTERNS.

#### **HEATER MAINTENANCE**

Ensure that the heating elements are kept free from dust. When not in use, the heater should be covered and stored in a dry, dust-free place. Do not use abrasive materials for cleaning the casing. Refer any major maintenance to your Dealer. Any maintenance SHOULD only be carried out by authorized personnel such as your Dealer, or a nominated manufacturer's

Service Agent. It is recommended that the appliances is regularly serviced, at least every second year, by authorized personnel.

#### THERMOSTAT OPERATION

To ignite main burner, rotate the gas control knob counterclockwise  $\circlearrowleft$  toward the "HI" setting. To shut down burner, rotate gas control knob counterclockwise toward the "LO" setting.

The gas control modulates from a minimum input of 15,000 Btu/hr (4.4 kW -- LO setting) to a maximum input of 30,000 Btu/hr (8.8 kW -- HI setting). The hydraulic thermostat bulb, which is located at the bottom of the casing assembly, adjusts the main burner flame between minimum input and maximum input.

**NOTE:** When the hydraulic thermostat bulb is "satisfied" the main burner flame will shut OFF with the pilot flame remaining ON. The LO and HI settings have a temperature range of approximately 55°F (13°C) to 100°F (38°C) respectively. This is the temperature at the hydraulic thermostat bulb, not the room temperature. The owner is advised to determine the particular heat setting that is desired for comfort, as heating requirements are different for every owner.

**ATTENTION:** If the owner does not want the main burner to ignite and turns the gas control knob to the LO setting, the main burner will still ignite if the temperature at the hydraulic thermostat bulb drops to 55°F (13°C). If no heat is desired, turn the gas control knob to the PILOT position.

#### OXYGEN DEPLETION SENSOR (ODS) SERVICING

Dust and dirt may effect heater performance.

This heater draws air into the bottom of it during normal operation. In the process, dust and dirt will also be drawn into the heater. The frequency of cleaning will depend on how and where the heater is used. At a minimum, you should clean the heater at least once a year, at the beginning of the heating season.

If your pilot will not stay lit, try cleaning it. Use a can of compressed air, such as is used to clean a computer, to blow dust out of the pilot assembly. Sometimes just blowing air back through the pilot will get rid of the dirt.

If that fails to solve the problem, remove the wire clip that holds the metal strip onto the pilot assembly. Remove the cover and blow any dust out. Reassemble and check for proper operation.

If that fails, the pilot assembly should be removed and air blown through the assembly and gas line as shown in Figure 4. To prevent damage to this assembly, follow the instructions below for disassembly and assembly of the ODS for cleaning.

<u>AWARNING</u>: Never use needles, wires, or similar cylindrical objects to clean the pilot orifice. This will only damage the calibrated ruby orifice (about the size of the head of a pin) which controls the pilot gas flow.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEANING THE ODS: Grab Nut A with an open-end wrench and loosen Nut B from the pilot tubing. Blow air pressure through the holes as indicated in Figure 4. This should blow out any foreign materials. To reassemble, tighten Nut B by grabbing Nut A with the open-end wrench. NOTE: When the heater is reassembled, always check for gas leaks as outlined in the Gas Supply Section of these instructions.

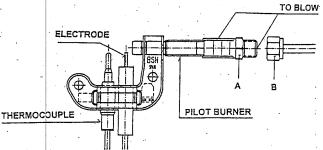


Figure 4

<u>AWARNING</u>: This vent-free heater is approved for use only with the type of gas indicated on the heater nameplate. It is not designed for use with other gases and it is not convertible to use with other gases. Contact our Technical Service Department at (704) 372-3486 if you have any problems.

<u>AWARNING</u>: Do not use a blower insert heat exchanger insert or other accesory not aproved for use with this heater.



#### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING



**▲WARNING**:

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot that must normally be lighted by hand using the piezo igniter. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

#### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- ! Do not try to light any appliance.
- 1 Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any telephone in your building.
- 1 Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's telephone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- ! If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, do not try to repair it. Call a qualified service person. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service person to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control that has been under water.

#### LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

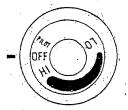
- 1. STOPI READ THE SAFETY INFORMATION DISCUSSED IN THE ABOVE SECTION.
- Depress the gas control knob slightly and turn it clockwise ひ to the "OFF" position.
   Do not force.
- 3. If a blower is installed, turn off all electrical power to the appliance.
- 4. Wait ten (10) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas near the heater and at the floor beneath the heater. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" listed in the preceding safety information. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
- 5. To light the pilot, depress the gas control knob slightly and rotate it counterclockwise U to the "P" (PILOT) position.
- 6. Depress the gas control knob completely and, without releasing the control knob, press the Plezo Igniter button repeatedly until the pllot is lit. (If the pilot will not light with the Plezo Igniter, use a match). Continue depressing the control knob for 10 to 15 seconds after the pilot is lit before releasing. Release the knob and it will pop back up. The pilot should remain lit. If it goes out, repeat procedure 5.

#### Notes:

- a) If the gas control knob does NOT pop up when released, stop, turn off the gas supply to the heater, and call your service technician or gas supplier immediately.
- b) If the pllot will not stay lit after several tries, turn the gas control knob counterclockwise ♂ to OFF and call your service technician or gas supplier.

Attention: The gas control knob has an INTERLOCK LATCHING DEVICE. When the pilot burner remains lit, a safety magnet is energized and the interlock latching device becomes operative. If the gas control is turned to the "OFF" position or the gas flow to the appliance is shut off, DO NOT RELGHT THE PILOT BURNER until the safety magnet is de-energized (approximately 60 seconds). There will be an audible "click" when the safety magnet in the gas control is de-energized. The pilot burner can now be relighted by repeating Steps 3 through 5 above.

- 7. When the pilot burner remains lit, turn the gas control knob counterclockwise  $\circlearrowleft$  to the "Hi" (High) position.
- 8. If a blower is installed, turn on all electric power to the appliance.
- The thermostat (gas control knob) can be set to the desired setting from HI to LO.

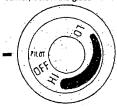


GAS CONTROL KNOB Shown in the "OFF" position





The PILOT is located in the center, below the glass front.



GAS CONTROL KNOB
Shown in the "P" (PILOT) position

#### TO TURN OFF GAS TO THE APPLIANCE

- 1. Depress the gas control knob slightly and rotate it clockwise U to the "OFF" position. Do not force.
- Turn off electrical supply to the appliance. If service is to be performed, e.g. Unplug blower accessory if applicable.

8

# **TROUBLESHOOTING**

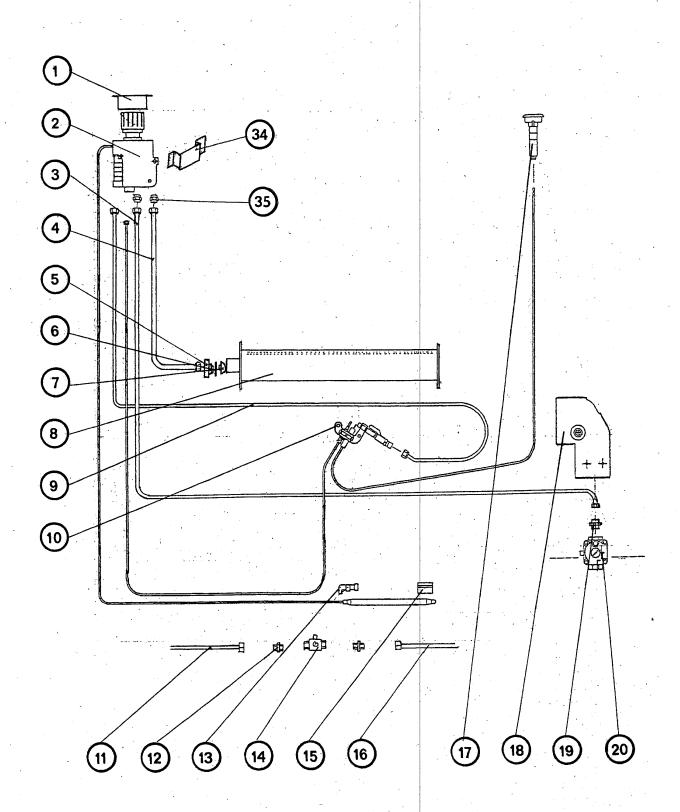
TROUBLE	CAUSE	SOLUTION
PILOT TROUBLE		
TLOT THOOBEL	Not pushing piezo all the way down until	Review Lighting Instructions
	"click"	Notice Eighting mediations
*	Lead wire loose at piezo igniter	Tighten connection
		. I
No spark.	Lead wire loose at electrode	Tighten connection
	Lead wire broken	Replace lead wire
	Plezo ignitor not properly grounded	Tighten lock nut
	Electrode gap to ODS pilot not correct	◆ Adjust gap to 3mm (0.118")
	Piezo ignitor is defective	Replace piezo ignitor
	Pilot (ODS) clogged	Clean pilot assembly and replace if
to the second		necessary
•	Main gas supply not on	◆ Turn on gas
	◆ Knob not in "PILOT" position	Make sure knob is in correct position
Consider hut no milet idention	Knob not depressed enough when turning	Retry pressing knob all the way down
Spark, but no pilot ignition.	from "OFF" to "PILOT"	nous processing states and the stary country
		Repeat ignition operation until air is
	Air in gas line when installed	eliminated
	A Control with the second state of the control	Replace regulator
	Defective pilot regulator (NG only)	opiaco regaracor
		4
	◆ Knob is not depressed long enough	◆ After pilot is lit, hold down for 30 sec.
	Pilot flame does not touch thermocouple	Replace pilot if gas pressure OK
Pilot goes out when knob is	Thermocouple connection at valve may	Tighten connection firmly
released.	be loose	
,0,00000	Thermocouple is damaged	Replace thermocouple
•	◆ Gas valve is damaged	Replace gas valve
BURNER DOES NOT LIGHT		
	Burner orifice clogged	Clean or replace orifices
	Burner orifices not correct size	Replace with correct size
Pilot stays lit.	Extremely low inlet gas pressure	Contact gas supplier
	Gas valve is defective	Replace gas valve
MPROPER BURNER PATTERN		
Slight smoke or odor during	Residues from manufacturing process or	Problem will be eliminated after a few
initial operation.	dust	hours of operation
ilitiai operation.		
Whistling noise during	Burner orifice(s) restricted/damaged	Clean/replace burner
ignition or operation and	Burner damaged or cracked	Replace burner
backfiring	Gas regulator malfunction	Replace regulator
Dackiing		
Burners not lighting or	Burner orifices are dirty	Clean or replace orifices
	Low gas pressure	Contact gas supplier
burning properly.	<ul> <li>Knob adjusted between settings</li> </ul>	◆ Turn knob until it locks at desired setting
	Odors can be caused by odors in room	◆ Ventilate room and discontinue use of
	such as paint, hair spray, new carpet, etc.	
Heater produces unwanted	Such as paint, half spray, new carpet, etc.	operating. If problem persists, contact
odors.	A Law find graphy in 1 D to also	gas supplier
	Low fuel supply in LP tanks	Refill supply tank
		Telli Supply talik
HEATER SHUTS OFF IN USE		
	Enough fresh air is not available	Open window for ventilation
ODS operates properly.	- Lilyugii irean an ia not avaliable	- aport tritters to tourismout
Even if well ventilated, ODS	ODS malfunction	Replace ODS assembly
operates	→ ODS manuncuon	- Acplace one assembly
-p		
HEATER HAS BEEN		
UNDER WATER	◆ Water in control section of heater	DO NOT USE. Consult your gas supplie
	ALGEBIA CONTRACTOR OF HOUSE	

Contact our technical service department at (704) 372-3486 if you are unable to correct any problem.

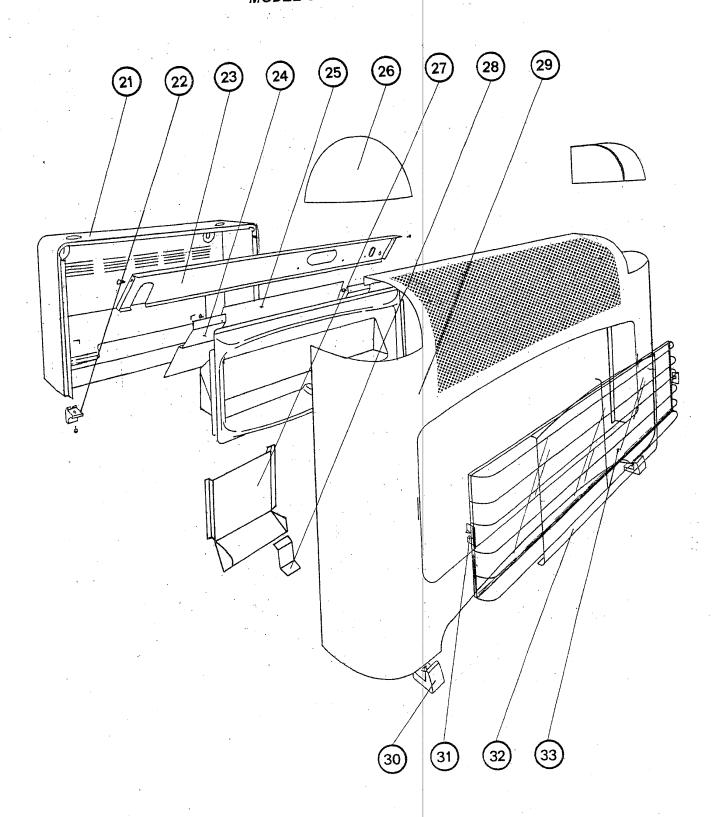
REPAIR PARTS LIST

MODEL CBF30T-4-LP (Propane Gas)

MODEL CBF30T-4-NG (Natural Gas)



# REPAIR PARTS LIST (continued) MODEL CBF30T-4-NG (Natural Gas) MODEL CBF30T-4-LP (Propane Gas)



#### HOW TO ORDER REPAIR PARTS ...

All parts listed in the Parts List have a Part Number. When ordering parts, first obtain the Model Number from the nameplate on your equipment. Next, determine the Part Number (not the *Index Number*) and the Description of each part from the following appropriate illustration and list. Be sure to give all this information.

Heater Number:	Model	Part Description:		
Heater Number:	Serial	Type Gas:	of	
Part			-	(Propane or Natural)

Do not order bolts, screws, washers or nuts. They are standard hardware items and can be purchased at any local hardware store. Order parts from your local dealer or through **SunStar Heating Products**, Inc. Shipments of parts are contingent upon strikes, fires and all other causes beyond our control.

#### **REPAIR PARTS**

,		REPAIR	PARIS	
	CBF30T-4-NG	CBF30T-4-LP	·	
1	Natural Gas	Propane Gas		
Index Number	PART N	UMBER	DESCRIPTION	
1	43710100	43710100	Embellisment	
2	43939070	43939060	Gas Valve	
3	43585480	43585480	Tubing Regulator-Control Tap	
4	43585980	43585980	Tubing Control Tap-Burner	
5	43575190	43575190	Drive Orifice	
6	43712010	43712010	Washer	
7	43575200	43575200	Orifice	
8	43775010	43775010	Burner	
9		43585970	Tubing towards	
10	43584180	43584190	ODS system	
11	43585960		Tubing towards ODS	
12	43590060		Regulator inlet adaptor	
13	43601070	43601070	Thermostatic Rear Support	
14	43576010		Pilot Regulator	
15	43601090	43601090	Thermostatic First Support	
16	43585990		Tubing Regulator-ODS	
17.	43573050	43573050	Piezo Ignitor	
18	43585960	. 43595970	Regulator support	
19	43590050	43590050	Regulator inlet adaptor	
20	43576080	43576090	Regulator	
21	43580300	43580300	Body frame	
22	43800020	43800020	Back legs	
23	43579250	43579250	Screen	
24	43578220	43578220	Heat shield	
25	43579250	43579250	Screen	
26	43799000	43799000	Shoulder	
27	43601140	43601140	Burner support	
28	43601150	43601150	ODS Support	
29	43580320	43580320	Front	
30	43800010	43800010	Front legs	
31	43756000	43756000	Grill clip	
32	43581120	43581120	Safety guard	
33	43755010	43755010	Glass	
34	43600030	43600030	Thermostatic valve support	
35	43570050	43570050	Connector	